

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The NEW MEXICAN is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

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TUESDAY, MARCH 29.

Spain insists on getting a licking.

THERE is every reason to believe that Spain will be right sick after a while, if it really comes to war.

THE Spanish people want war. They will get it and so much of it that it will last them for several generations.

UNCLE SAM is getting his war paint on and it will only be washed off with blood and not much of Uncle Sam's blood either.

THERE can not be very much distress in Kansas. The people of the Sunflower state are sending many provisions and much money to the starving Cubans.

MR. W. JENNINGS BRYAN is hard at work in the sunny south trying to repair shattered free silver fences. The work seems to be quite hard these days.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY is attending to his business intelligently, diligently and conscientiously. He is the right sort of a man for chief magistrate these trying times.

It is stated on good authority, that war with Spain is bound to come; on the other, it is said, that peace will certainly be preserved. Take your choice accordingly and be happy.

THE Spanish government feels insulted at the report of the court of inquiry on the Maine catastrophe. But as the present Spanish government is not long for this earth, it matters very little to this country.

BERNIE quite busy with the Spanish question, the fake journals and free silver papers of the country have let up somewhat on Senator Mark Hanna. This is indeed a remarkable phase of the situation.

THE Popocrats, Democrats, Pops, etc., have not a very bright prospect before them during the coming campaign. If they go before the country on the tariff issue, they will get thrashed. If they go ahead on the money question, they will be licked.

THE mail service in this territory is not what it ought to be. The postoffice inspectors seem to be busy otherwise than attending to their legitimate business. They are evidently of the opinion that civil service rules protect them, but they are efficient or otherwise.

A NEW board of county commissioners for Union county would greatly conduce to the cause of good government in New Mexico and would teach county officials that the law is supreme and must be obeyed and not their own free, sweet will, regardless of law.

A MADRID dispatch says, that Spain will be in no great hurry to answer any demand for indemnity for the destruction of the battleship Maine. That may be. But then this country is in a position to compel a speedy answer, as Spain to its cost will find out and that before very long.

THE McKinley administration has been in office a little over a year. Following is the result: Mills are busy, labor is employed, mines are rushed with orders, debts are being paid, new enterprises are being established, despair has given place to hope, the sheriff's cry has been silenced by the busy music of industry and the future is bright with promise.

TOM WATSON has declined to run for governor of Georgia on the Populist ticket. He says, no matter how much of a majority he would receive, he would not be declared elected, as the election machinery is in the hands of the Democrats and would defeat him. Tom ought to know. Up to within a few years ago he was a leading Democrat of Georgia and knows how the thing is done.

THE average American miner is a great kicker and always dissatisfied with the government and its regulations and doings. Under Canadian rule he would have good cause for such a course. The regulations in the Canadian territory of the Yukon say that miners must pay \$10 per year for a certificate or license to mine, \$15 a year for the entry of a claim, \$1 for every \$10 taken from his mine, and nearly half of the mineral lands is reserved for the government.

EVEN with the prospect of a war ahead, it must be admitted that the outlook for the country for the coming year is great. The people will see a great improvement. They will see new railroads built in various parts of the coun-

try, new factories erected and in all probability a genuine old time boom set in before the close of 1898. The people have, therefore, just cause to congratulate themselves upon the fact that William McKinley is at the helm and that the old ship of prosperity will continue to sail until the close of his administration.

It is believed that the post of Fort Bayard in the southern part of this territory will be abandoned at an early date. Here comes in the question of statehood. Were this territory a state and had it two senators to represent it upon the floors of the U. S. senate, then and in that case such things would not happen. Quite the reverse, good sized appropriations for the maintenance of the military posts in the territory and the establishment of new and much needed posts would be the rule. But then our friends, the anti-statehood men, must oppose statehood for the territory whether or no. Such is life in the far west.

A Fruit Cannery.

Every one concedes that there is nothing so important to the future of Santa Fe as the establishment of a beet sugar factory here, and every good citizen will use his utmost efforts to bring that about. But it involves a large capital and so is not within our own control, and at best cannot be expected to be in operation this year. Meanwhile there is another institution, much smaller in extent and consequently within our own means, which is no less necessary and which should certainly be established in time for this year's crop. The NEW MEXICAN refers to a canning establishment. The fruit product of Santa Fe, Espanola and their vicinity, is now so large that a cannery is an absolute necessity. Without it, tons of fruit will go to waste and produce nothing to those raising them.

The NEW MEXICAN is gratified to learn that active measures are in progress looking to such an establishment, and that full information on the subject will be laid before the horticultural society meeting to be held in April. It is proposed to have in one establishment all appliances for canning, drying and preserving fruits, so that everything can be utilized and the entire business be transacted with the utmost economy.

Spain's Christianity.

As a nation the Spanish people pride themselves upon their Christian virtues, and lay great stress upon the fact that in the centuries past they have planted the cross in many lands, and that in their conquests every battle fought was for the glory of the church. In the past few weeks many sarcastic remarks have been made upon this subject and yet all has not been said.

On the island of Cuba there are over 300,000 people who have lost everything but a lingering hold upon life through the cruelty of that most holy nation, and are dependent upon the charity of Jew and Gentile in the United States for the little that passes their lips in the way of food. That food is given willingly and without cost of even transportation to the Madrid government; it is sent with but one object, to keep helpless women and children from starving, and yet Spain says that it is an act of interference and must stop.

Nearly three years ago the Spanish troops learned that it was an impossibility to subdue the insurgents by fighting, and in order to retain possession of the island and prevent an injury to Spanish pride one of the most diabolical plans for the subjugation of a people that could not be conquered by force of arms was determined upon—extermination. In that slow but sure manner of ridding the earth of rebel colonists, starvation was expected to play the greater part. The food sent from this country and distributed by American consuls and agents in a manner which renders impossible its confiscation for Spanish use, threatens the extermination scheme with failure, and for that reason Spain looks upon the feeding of reconcentrados as an act of intervention into her affairs on the island.

The temper and feelings of the despised "Yankees" will permit no foreign power to run a hell on the western continent for a much longer time than three years, and that limit is about up. It will be cheaper and easier for Spain to end matters right now by withdrawing all troops from Cuba, and recalling all warships from American waters, than it will to wait until armed intervention actually takes place. In the latter event fifteen century Christianity will not count for much in settling up old scores.

NAME ONE "NEW MEXICO."

Suggested That One of the New Men-of-War Be Named After the Territory—A Timely and Proper Suggestion.

Mr. Francis Tracy Tobin, a Philadelphia Republican and leading citizen and Republican of the Key Stone state, who was a candidate for an appointment on the New Mexico Supreme court bench, has addressed the following self explanatory letter to the secretary of the navy:

Hon. John Davis Long, Secretary of the Navy.
Philadelphia, March 24, 1898.—Sir: I would most respectfully suggest, that in naming the new war vessels for the navy of the United States, you would name one of them, New Mexico.

Union. Her people by their intelligence and industry, have been pushing her to the front ranks. No man can tell the future of this gem of the west, New Mexico.

In selecting the names for the great and mighty war vessels, the defenders of the nation, and of the dear old flag, the stars and stripes, let one of them bear the name of New Mexico, and if it does, and the flag of the Union is floating over that vessel, called New Mexico, she will be found in the thickest of the fight, defending and maintaining the honor of the United States, and the flag of the Union, and the record of the war vessel, New Mexico, will be one of credit, honor and glory.

Hoping and trusting that you may name one of the war vessels, New Mexico. Respectfully,
FRANCIS TRACY TOBIN.

MORE THAN A COINCIDENCE.

The Restoration of Prosperity a Case of Cause and Effect.

(Cleveland Leader)
Until the present year began 1892 was the high water mark for American trade and industry. In some lines its record had been beaten, but on the average it was rated better than any like period before or after. The indications are that 1898 will change all this and take the place held so long by the year in which the American people voted the Republican out of power and business into disaster.

Our foreign commerce is forging far ahead of other years. The excess of exports over imports is unprecedented for the season. Europe continues to take our grain eagerly and to buy more freely the products of American mills and factories. We are importing gold and lending money to foreigners. In that direction the prospects are excellent for leaving any other year well in the rear. The railroads are making such gains in earnings that they are likely to beat 1892 in spite of the much lower average charges for transportation. It is quite certain that the business of the great lakes will far surpass that of 1892, and it will probably beat the tremendous totals rolled up in 1897. Meanwhile, bank clearings, which measure better than anything else the general volume of trade from one year to another, are surpassing the record of any other year in the history of the country. So far 1898 has beaten 1892 by a large margin.

Thus it seems that the great records made in the last year when the country was wholly under public control are to be surpassed the very first year thereafter in which the government at Washington is Republican from the beginning of January to the end of December. Hostile partisans must at least admit that this is an interesting coincidence. All other persons will call it much more; a case of cause and effect, in fact.

Notaries' Records.

The New Mexican Printing company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at its postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

Call for a Republican City Convention.

A delegate convention of the Republican voters of the city of Santa Fe will be held at the city hall on Saturday April 2, coming for the purpose of nominating candidates for the office of mayor and councilmen to be voted for at the city election to be held Tuesday April 5, 1898.

The several wards will be entitled to the following representation:

Ward No. 1, seven delegates; ward No. 2, nine delegates; ward No. 3, nine delegates; ward No. 4, seven delegates.

The ward convention at which delegates to the city convention will be chosen and at which nominations for candidates for members of the city council and of the board of education for the respective wards will be made, will be held on Thursday, March 31, as follows:

Ward No. 1, at the house of Pablo Borrego, for the election of seven delegates and the nomination of candidates for one member of the council and one member of the board of education. This convention to be called to order at 3 p. m.

Ward No. 2, at the house of Eluterio Arragon, for the election of nine delegates and the nomination of candidates for one member of the council and one member of the board of education. This convention to be called to order at 3 p. m.

Ward No. 3, at Fireman's hall, for the election of nine delegates and the nomination of candidates for one member of the council and one member of the board of education. This convention to be called to order at 3 p. m.

Ward No. 4, at the house of Prudente Garcia, for the election of seven delegates and the nomination of candidates for one member of the council and one member of the board of education. This convention to be called to order at 7:30 p. m.

The following are the members of the city central committee: Ward No. 1, Epitacio Salas and J. M. Sant; ward No. 2, Gerardo Baca and Ricardo Alarid; ward No. 3, John V. Conway and W. W. Miller; ward No. 4, Max Frost and Bettaviano Rodriguez.

Dated at Santa Fe, N. M., this 23rd day of March, 1898.
ANTONIO ORTIZ E. SALAZAR,
Chairman Republican Central Committee, City of Santa Fe.

Scrofula

Is a deep-seated blood disease which all the mineral waters in the world cannot cure. S.S.S. (guaranteed purely vegetable) is a real blood remedy for blood diseases.

Mrs. W. T. Buck, of Delaney, Ark., had Scrofula for twenty-five years and most of the time was under the care of the doctors who could not relieve her. A specialist said he could cure her, but he filled her with arsenic and gold which almost ruined her constitution. She then took nearly every so-called blood medicine and drank them by the wholesale, but they did not reach her blood. One doctor advised her to try S.S.S., and she very soon found that she had a real blood remedy at last. She says: "After taking one dozen bottles of S.S.S. I am perfectly well, my skin is clear and healthy and I would not be in my former condition for two thousand dollars. Instead of drying up the poison in my system, like the potash and arsenic, S.S.S. drove the disease out through the skin, and I was permanently rid of it."

A Real Blood Remedy.

S.S.S. never fails to cure Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Contagious Blood Poison, or any disorder of the blood. Do not rely upon a simple tonic to cure a deep-seated blood disease, but take a real blood remedy.

Our blood is upon application. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

LIVE LOBSTER STORY.

Experience of a Real Estate Agent While Bringing Some Home.

A Pittsburg real estate agent who lives in the east and celebrated his birthday recently. He is proud of the fact that he was born in the same month as Washington and Lincoln. So he celebrated accordingly. His wife had expressed a desire the other morning for lobster; not the common canned stuff, but live lobster, the real thing. In spite of the day's exhilaration the vendor of town lots remembered this, and before starting for home bought two of the finest wide spreading crustaceans that ever came out of the Atlantic. To insure their arrival in good condition, he had them put in a large market basket, half filled with ice, and covered them with a piece of paper. As soon as he got on a Fifth avenue car the trouble began. Those lobsters grew tired of their seclusion and began to get in touch with their surroundings. The car was crowded and their owner had to stand.

Suddenly a sharp faced spitster started the car with screams of "Help! Pickpockets! Police!" at the same time clutching the real estate man's arm. "Conductor, have this man arrested! Search him! He tried to pick my pocket!" she exclaimed.

Everybody looked at the supposed culprit and then those nearest the pair burst into laughter. One of the lobsters was still tugging at the lady's dress. —Pittsburg Dispatch.

TEMPLE OF SCIENCE.

Mrs. Martin to Build One For the Benefit of Future Generations.

Mrs. Victoria Clavin Woodhull Martin, whose career has been interesting England and the United States for many years, is on her way to New York, according to her agent in that city, to work for humanity, whatever that may mean. Since the death of her



husband a year ago Mrs. Martin has enjoyed a large income, and her projects for humanity will not be hampered now by a lack of money, unless they are executed on an unusually expensive scale.

Her agent says that she may establish somewhere in the United States a temple of science, over which she will preside, for the benefit of future generations. Mrs. Martin has been credited with some very frank opinions on subjects that have been discussed by Annie Besant, and her agent announces that in the proposed "temple of science" she will teach "such methods of humanitarian government as shall fit future generations to combat successfully and overcome the financial, mental, moral and physical obstacles that now retard their progress." —New York Sun.

JAPANESE COLONIZATION.

One Hundred Thousand Acres Have Been Bought in Southern Mexico.

Among the passengers who arrived on the steamer Gaelic at San Francisco were Mr. Kobayashi and H. Kawamura of Tokyo, who are on their way to Mexico to further the interests of a colossal Japanese colonization project. The first named gentleman said that preparations are being made for the establishment of a Japanese colony on a tract of land adjacent to the port of San Benito and contiguous to the Guatemalan boundary.

In accordance with a treaty between the Japanese and Mexican governments, ratified last year, Count Enomoto, minister of agriculture and a wealthy Japanese landowner, purchased 100,000 acres of land in Mexico in the locality described, and it is on this that the Japanese colony is to be established. The enterprise is receiving the support of the Japanese government.

It is the purpose of the two visitors to have the land surveyed and laid out for the colonists, and this will be done as quickly as possible. The entire acreage, they declare, will be devoted to the cultivation of coffee. It is also planned to establish a line of steamers between San Francisco and Acapulco to connect with the Japanese Transpacific line. —Philadelphia Press.

Stone Sols For the Shoes.

An inventor has hit upon a method of putting stone soles on boots and shoes. He mixes a waterproof glue with a suitable quantity of clean quartz sand and spreads it over the leather sole used as a foundation. These quartz soles are said to be very flexible and practically indestructible and to give the foot a firm hold even on the most slippery surface. —Kansas City World.

Snow Worm Is Kautsky.

Roe Havens the other morning brought to the Hazel Green Herald office an anguiform that he found crawling upon the snow, a chunk of which he was on when viewed at this office. He was as lively as any fish worm we ever saw, and many theories have been advanced as reasons for his appearance on the snow.

De Lome's Pen.

The pen is mightier than the sword. De Lome has done more for Cuba in a single letter than the Cubans have been able to do for themselves lately in the field. —Chicago Times-Herald.

OFFICE FITTINGS.

Filing cabinets of every description, pigeon hole cases, legal blank cases, office ticklers and every conceivable kind of office fittings and furniture can be had of the New Mexican Printing company. Write for descriptive, illustrated pamphlets.

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Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 37, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

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A. B. RENNEHAN,
Attorney at Law, Practices in all Territorial Courts, Commissioner Court of Claims. Collections and title searching. Rooms 5 and 6 Spiegelberg Block.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M.

J. H. BRADY, Secretary.
Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, H. P.

ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.
Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, E. C.

ADDITION WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall, 1030 p. m. SIGNE LEROU, N. G.

H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular convocation the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriots welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P.

A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 9, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, Secretary.

HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZULON LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDSON, N. G.

A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

K. O. F.

SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. R. H. BOWLER, C. C.

L. M. MILLER, K. of R. & S.

INSURANCE.

S. E. LANKARD,
Insurance Agent, Office: Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life, fire and accident insurance.

CHICAGO SPECIAL.

One Night, Denver to Chicago. Commencing Sunday, March 6th, the Burlington Route's famous train, the Chicago special, will leave Denver at 9:30 a. m., (after arrival of the Denver & Rio Grande and Colorado Midland trains from the West), reaching Lincoln at 10:30 p. m., Omaha at 11:55 p. m. and Chicago at 2:15 p. m. next day—in ample time to connect with the fast afternoon trains for the east.

The "Chicago Special"—the only fast east bound morning train out of Denver—the only Denver-Chicago train making close connections at Chicago with the famous trains for New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore and all other eastern cities.

Its equipment consists of sleeping, reclining chair, dining and smoking cars. Meals are served on the European plan—you pay only for what you order.

The Chicago Special will be in addition to and in no way interfere with the Burlington's "Vestibule Flyer," which will continue to leave Denver at 9:50 p. m., reaching Omaha at 4 p. m. the next afternoon, and Chicago at 8:30 the following morning.

For tickets and full information call at office of connecting lines or write to G. W. Vallery, general agent, 1030 Seventeenth street, Denver.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign," beginning November 15th, 1896, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chaves counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

EDDY AND CHAVES OF NEW MEXICO.

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LARGER PASTURES FOR LEASE, for long terms of years, fenced or unfenced; shipping facilities over two railroads.

GOLD MINES.

On this Grant near its western boundary are situated the famous Gold Mining Districts of Elizabethtown and Baldy, where mines have been successfully operated for 25 years, and new rich discoveries were made in 1895 in the vicinity of the new camps of Hematite and Harry Bluff as rich as any camp in Colorado, but with lots of as yet unlocated ground open to prospectors on terms similar to, and as favorable as, the United States Government Laws and Regulation.

Stage leaves every morning, except Sundays, from Springer for these camps.

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L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

The Daily New Mexican will be found on file at the Hotel Wellington.

194 separate analysis, chiefly carload lots, showed AN AVERAGE of 17.01 per cent sugar in beet; 84.1 per cent purity.

THIS REMARKABLE RESULT was accomplished by raw farmers, unacquainted with the culture of beet rock, on new land and under very trying circumstances, as the factory was not secured until May, and a majority of the acreage was planted between JUNE 1st AND AUGUST 10th.

THE SUGAR BOWL OF THE SOUTHWEST

Is the Rich Valley of the Rio Pecos.

IN THE COUNTIES OF

EDDY AND CHAVES OF NEW MEXICO.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate.

WATER makes the plant grow.

SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.

THE ONLY THING left to be desired, that the Pecos Valley has not on hand in